

FINAL STUDY REPORT

Study Title

AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants Test

Product Identity

DoxyKlor DK5G

Lots: 06120-1/LCL, 06120-2/LCL, 06120-3/LCL

Test Microorganism

Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15442

Data Requirements

U.S. EPA OCSPP 810.2200

Author

L. Natalia Galvan, B.S.
Study Director

Study Completion Date

30OCT2020

Testing Facility

Microchem Laboratory
1304 W. Industrial Blvd.
Round Rock, TX 78681

Study Sponsor

PI Industries, Inc.
8275 S. Eastern Avenue
Suite #200-882
Las Vegas, NV, 89123-2545

Sponsor Representative

Jeremy Malone
Spring Regulatory Sciences
6620 Cypresswood Dr. Ste 250
Spring, TX 77379



STATEMENT OF NO DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMS

No claim of confidentiality, on any basis whatsoever, is made for any information contained in this document. I acknowledge that information not designated as within the scope of FIFRA section 10(d)(1)(A), (B), or (C) and which pertains to a registered or previously registered pesticide is not entitled to confidential treatment and may be released to the public, subject to the provisions regarding disclosure to multinational entities under FIFRA 10(g).

Company: _____

Agent/Submitter: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____

Signature: _____



GOOD LABORATORY PRACTICE COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

This study meets U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Good Laboratory Practice Standards and requirements for 40 CFR § 160.

Records concerning test substance characteristics (i.e. composition, purity, stability, strength, solubility) are maintained by the Study Sponsor. The Study Sponsor conducted test substance characterization as to identity, strength, purity, solubility and composition, as applicable, according to 40 CFR Part 160, Subpart F [160.105] prior to its use in the study. The test substance certificate of analysis may be found attached to this report for reference.

Study Director

Company: Microchem Laboratory

Name: L. Natalia Galvan, B.S.

Title: Study Director

Signature: 

Date: 30 Oct 2020

Study Sponsor

Company: PI Industries, Inc.

Name:

Title:

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Submitter

Company:

Name:

Title:

Signature: _____

Date: _____



QUALITY ASSURANCE STATEMENT

The following quality assurance audits were conducted in accordance with Good Laboratory Practice Standards outlined in 40 CFR §160 and reported to management and the Study Director:

Phase Inspected	Date Inspected	Date Reported to Study Director	Date Reported to Management
In Phase	19AUG2020	19AUG2020	20AUG2020
Draft Report	13OCT2020	14OCT2020	14OCT2020
Final Report	28OCT2020	28OCT2020	29OCT2020

Signature:  Date: 30 OCT 2020

Name: Aaron Daniel, B.M.S.
Title: Specialist I, Quality Assurance



PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE STUDY

Study Director

Name: L. Natalia Galvan, B.S.
Title: Analyst I

Professional or Supervisory Personnel

Name: Hillary Johnson, M.S.
Title: Team Lead, Disinfectants and Sanitizers



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FINAL STUDY REPORT SUMMARY

Study Title: AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants Test

Study Identification Number: GLP2433

Test Microorganism: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442

Test Substance: DoxyKlor DK5G
 Lots: 06120-1/LCL, 06120-2/LCL, 06120-3/LCL

Test Substance Dilution: Ready to use liquid test substance

Organic Soil Load: No organic soil load incorporated into the test inoculum

Carrier Type: 18 mm × 36 mm glass slide

Number of Carriers Per Lot: 60

Contact Time: 10 minutes

Exposure Temperature: Ambient Temperature (25.3°C-26.4°C)
 40.6% - 42.8% Relative Humidity

Neutralizer: Lethen Broth with 0.2% Sodium Thiosulfate (20.0 ml)

Study Results:

Test Date	Microorganism	Number Confirmed Positive Carriers/Total Number Tested			Carrier Control Avg Log ₁₀ CFU/Carrier
		Lot: 06120-1/LCL	Lot: 06120-2/LCL	Lot: 06120-3/LCL	
17AUG2020	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 15442	0/60	0/60	0/60	6.31



STUDY DATES

Study Initiation Date: 17AUG2020
Experimental Start Date/Time: 17AUG2020 / 1545
Experimental Termination Date/Time: 19AUG2020 / 1655
Study Completion Date: 30OCT2020

TEST SUBSTANCE

Name: DoxyKlor DK5G

Lot: 06120-1/LCL
Active Ingredients (concentration): Chlorine Dioxide (0.04385%)
Date of Manufacture: 01JUN2020
Date Received: 09JUN2020
Expiration Date: 01JUN2021

Lot: 06120-2/LCL
Active Ingredients (concentration): Chlorine Dioxide (0.04365%)
Date of Manufacture: 01JUN2020
Date Received: 09JUN2020
Expiration Date: 01JUN2021

Lot: 06120-3/LCL
Active Ingredients (concentration): Chlorine Dioxide (0.04308%)
Date of Manufacture: 01JUN2020
Date Received: 09JUN2020
Expiration Date: 01JUN2021

Form: Ready to use liquid test substance

Storage Conditions: Ambient room temperature under fluorescent lighting.

Test Substance Preparation

The test substance was used as received. The test substance appeared to be in solution as determined by visual observation on the day of use. On the day of testing, a decontaminated spray bottle filled with approximately 500 ml of test substance was primed by spraying several times prior to initiation of testing. This was performed for each lot tested.



PROTOCOL CHANGES

Protocol Amendment(s)

Protocol P2879 was hereby amended to correct typographical error on Sponsor Representative address.

Correct address should read:
6620 Cypresswood Dr. Ste. 250
Spring, TX 77379

Additionally, Protocol P2879 was hereby amended to include the expiration date of the test substance per clarification from the Sponsor Representative.

Expiration date for DoxyKlor DK5G is 1 year from manufacture. Expiration date for Lots: 06120-1/LCL, 06120-2/LCL, and 06120-3/LCL is 01JUN2021.

All remaining testing parameters were followed as stated in the protocol.

Protocol Deviation(s)

No protocol deviations to the approved protocol were made for this study.

TEST OBJECTIVE

The purpose of this study was to document the efficacy of the test substance against the test system (microorganism) under the parameters specified in protocol P2879.

TEST PROCEDURE

Test System and Media

Test System: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, ATCC 15442 received from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC).

Subculture/ Neutralization Broth: Lethen Broth with 0.2% Sodium Thiosulfate (20.0 ml)

Agar Medium: Tryptic Soy Agar

Preparation of the Test Culture

A cryovial of frozen organism was thawed and mixed using a vortex type mixer. A 0.010 ml aliquot of the organism was inoculated into a tube containing 10.0 ml of Nutrient Broth. This culture was gently vortex mixed and incubated for 22 hours 51 minutes at 35.7 °C.

The test culture was initiated by transferring 0.010 ml of the daily transfer culture into ten 20 × 150 mm tubes, each containing 10 ml sterile Nutrient Broth and incubated for 52 hours 48 minutes at 35.7°C.



The pellicle was removed from the test culture by decanting the broth. The test culture was vortex mixed for 4 seconds and allowed to dwell at room temperature for ≥ 10 minutes. The upper portion of the mixed culture was removed, leaving behind any debris or clumps, and pooled in an appropriate vessel.

For the purposes of achieving carrier counts within the range of the study, 18 ml of test culture were concentrated by centrifugation for 20 minutes at 5000 g. The supernatant was discarded and the pellet was then re-suspended in 3.5 ml of sterile Nutrient Broth.

Supplementation of Test Culture with Organic "Soil" Load

No organic soil load was used in the study.

Preparation of Test Carriers

The glass slides were dipped in 70-95% ethyl alcohol (reagent alcohol) to remove oil and film. The carriers were thoroughly rinsed using tap water followed by two rinses in deionized water. The carriers were wiped using Kimwipes or other lint-free cloth or wipe. The carriers were visually screened for defects and only those carriers without visible defects were autoclave sterilized for use in testing. Using a biosafety cabinet, the carriers were aseptically transferred using sterile forceps into individual sterile Petri dishes matted with two sterile 9 cm round filter paper.

Carrier Inoculation with Test Culture

On the day of testing, using a calibrated positive displacement pipette, the sterile carriers were inoculated with 0.010 ml of test culture and spread to approximately 1 inch² of each test carrier without allowing the spread inoculum to touch the edges of the carrier. Each carrier was immediately covered after inoculation.

Inoculated carriers were transferred to an incubator and dried at 36.0-36.5°C and 40% RH for 32 minutes until visibly dry. The inoculated carriers were used within 2 hours of drying.

Treatment of Carriers with Test Substance

Dry inoculated test carriers were horizontally oriented in the Petri dishes and sequentially treated at 30 second intervals appropriate to ensure careful and aseptic handling. Each carrier was sprayed 5 times with the test substance from a distance of 4 – 6 inches at an approximate 45° angle from the test carrier to the spray nozzle. When the first carrier was treated, a calibrated digital timer was started to measure the contact time. After treatment, carriers were covered and left to dwell undisturbed for the duration of the contact time. After the contact time (10 minutes) for each carrier had elapsed, the excess disinfectant was drained and each carrier was transferred to a 25 × 150 mm tube containing 20.0 ml of Lethen Broth 0.2% Sodium Thiosulfate using sterile forceps. During draining the carriers did not touch the Petri dish or filter paper.

All tubes were capped and shaken after each carrier neutralization to ensure the entire carrier made contact with the subculture/neutralization broth.

The procedure was repeated until all carriers were exposed to the test substance for the specified contact time and harvested into the subculture/neutralization broth.



STUDY CONTROLS

Neutralization Confirmation

On the day of testing, three sterile, uninoculated carriers, per lot of test substance, were treated with test substance identically as in the efficacy portion of the test (i.e., five sprays from a distance of 4 – 6 inches at approximately a 45° angle from carrier to spray nozzle, and a calibrated digital timer was started to measure the contact time). As the contact time elapsed, the carriers were sequentially transferred using sterile forceps into a tube containing 20.0 ml of subculture/neutralization broth which represented the neutralization confirmation test tubes. A series of 10-fold dilutions of the test culture were performed in 9.0 ml of phosphate buffered dilution water (PBDW) such that a 0.100 ml volume of the dilution targeted 10-100 CFU. This inoculum was plated in duplicate to verify the number of CFU present. The neutralization confirmation test tubes were inoculated with 0.100 ml volumes of the prepared inoculum. The neutralization confirmation control was performed using multiple carrier replicates and inoculated with different dilutions of the prepared inoculum.

Enumeration of Control Carriers

After the inoculated carriers have dried, prior to the start of the test, three carriers were randomly selected and were transferred into individual tubes containing 20.0 ml of subculture/neutralization broth. These carriers represented the carrier density at the beginning of the test. Similarly, following the conclusion of the test, three additional carriers were randomly selected and were transferred into individual tubes containing 20.0 ml of subculture/neutralization broth. These carriers represented the carrier density at the end of the test. The six (three pre test and three post test) carrier density subculture/neutralization broth tubes were vortex mixed for 60 seconds, as timed by a certified digital timer. The 20.0 ml volume from each subculture/neutralization broth tube from each set of three test tubes (pre test and post test) was pooled prior to enumeration. The pooled cultures (60.0 ml) were serially diluted in PBDW out to the 10⁻³ dilution. A 0.100 ml volume of the 10⁻¹, the 10⁻², and the 10⁻³ dilutions were plated, in duplicate, using standard spread plating techniques, representing the 10⁻², 10⁻³, and 10⁻⁴ dilution per ml of the carrier set. This step was performed within 2 hours of vortex mixing of the subculture/neutralization tubes.

Carrier Sterility Control

On the day of testing, an uninoculated carrier was harvested into a 25 × 150 mm tube containing 20.0 ml of subculture/neutralization broth and incubated alongside the test.

Viability Control

On the day of testing, an inoculated, untreated test carrier was harvested into a 25 × 150 mm tube containing 20.0 ml of subculture/neutralization broth and incubated alongside the test.

Subculture/Neutralization Sterility Control

On the day of testing, a 25 × 150 mm tube containing 20.0 ml of subculture/neutralization broth was incubated alongside test.



Media Sterility Controls

A 0.1 ml aliquot of PBDW was added to sterile growth agar and incubated alongside test to confirm sterility of the serial dilution media at the time of test.

A 0.1 ml aliquot of Nutrient Broth was added to sterile growth agar and incubated alongside test to confirm sterility of culture diluent at the time of test.

A plate containing only sterile growth agar used in this study was incubated alongside test to confirm sterility of media at the time of test.

Test Microorganism Purity Control

The test culture used in this study was subcultured onto growth agar medium and incubated alongside the test to morphologically confirm the presence of target microorganism and absence of contaminant microorganism.

Incubation of Tubes and Control Plates

Test tube racks were shaken thoroughly prior to transfer to the incubator. All tubes and plates were incubated at 35.3-35.7°C for 46 hours and 32 minutes.



SUCCESS CRITERIA

The experimental success (controls) criteria follow:

- The test microorganism must demonstrate a concentration of at least 1.0×10^5 CFU/Carrier corresponding to a mean log density of 5.0 and not above 3.2×10^6 CFU/Carrier corresponding to a mean log density of 6.5
- The subculture/neutralization broth sterility control tube demonstrates no growth.
- The carrier sterility control subculture/neutralization broth tube demonstrates no growth.
- The viability control subculture/neutralization broth tube demonstrates growth.
- At least one neutralization confirmation inoculum dilution demonstrates an average concentration of ≤ 100 CFU.
- The neutralization confirmation test subculture/neutralization broth tube corresponding to the inoculum average concentration of ≤ 100 CFU demonstrates growth.
- The media sterility controls demonstrate no growth.
- The test microorganism purity control plate demonstrates the presence of the target microorganism and absence of contaminant microorganisms.

The Environmental Protection Agency performance criteria for disinfection follow:

- If 1 or less non-control subculture/neutralization test tubes are confirmed positive for growth after incubation, then efficacy is demonstrated by the test substance under the conditions evaluated.
- If 2 or more non-control subculture/neutralization test tubes are confirmed positive for growth after incubation, then efficacy is not demonstrated by the test substance under the conditions evaluated.

Retesting guidance for disinfection follows:

- When a test passes and the \log_{10} density of the test carriers is above 6.5, no retesting is necessary.
- When a test passes and the \log_{10} density of the test carriers is below 5.0, retesting is necessary.
- When a test fails and the \log_{10} density of the test carriers is below 5.0, no retesting is necessary.
- When a test fails and the \log_{10} density of the test carriers is above 6.5, retesting may be conducted.



CALCULATIONS AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

The following were calculations used in the study. Calculation variables were adjusted based on volumes and dilutions used.

$$\frac{(\text{Average CFU for } 10^x) + (\text{Average CFU for } 10^y) + (\text{Average CFU for } 10^z)}{10^x + 10^y + 10^z} = \text{CFU/ml of Control Carriers}$$

where 10^{-2} , 10^{-3} , and 10^{-4} are examples of dilutions used

$$\text{CFU/Carrier of Control Carriers} = [(\text{CFU/ml}) \times 20.0 \text{ ml}]$$

$$\text{Control Carrier Mean} = \frac{(\text{Log}_{10} \text{ CFU/Carrier Pooled Pre Carriers} + \text{Log}_{10} \text{ CFU/Carrier Pooled Post Carriers})}{2}$$

Log Density

$$\text{Neutralization Confirmation Inoculum} = (\text{CFU on plate 1} + \text{CFU on plate 2}) / 2$$

Statistical Analysis

No statistical analysis was performed.



STUDY RECORD AND TEST SUBSTANCE RETENTION

Study Record Retention

The original (or certified copy) of the study report, protocol, and corresponding raw data will be held in the archives of Microchem Laboratory indefinitely. For studies not meeting the performance criteria for submission or for studies that have been canceled prior to the generation of valid data, the original (or certified copy) of the final study report, protocol, and corresponding raw data will be held in the archives of Microchem Laboratory for a minimum of two years following the study completion date at which time they may be removed from the archive or transferred to the Sponsors archive at their expense.

If requested by the Study Sponsor (or Sponsor Representative), the study file may be transferred to the Study Sponsor's archive at the Study Sponsor's expense prior to the time frames listed.

All test facility records including, but not limited to, standard operating procedures, quality assurance inspection records, temperature and equipment records including maintenance, inspection and calibration, and employee training records will be maintained at Microchem Laboratory indefinitely.

Test Substance Retention

The test substance (or test control, test article, test device, as applicable) may be returned to the Study Sponsor at the Study Sponsor's request and expense following study completion unless otherwise requested to be returned earlier. If the Study Sponsor does not request return of the sample, it will be disposed >90 days following the study completion. Arrangements may be made for extended storage as necessary, at the Sponsor's request and expense.



RESULTS

Table 1: Carrier Enumeration Control Results

Test Microorganism	Test Date	Carrier	CFU/Carrier	Log ₁₀ Density	Mean Log ₁₀ Density
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 15442	17AUG2020	Pre Treatment	3.46×10^6	6.54	6.31
		Post Treatment	1.20×10^6	6.08	

Table 2: Test Results

Test Microorganism	Test Substance	Test Date	Number of Carriers Tested	Number of Test Tubes Showing Growth	Number of Test Tubes Confirmed as Test Organism
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 15442	DoxyKlor DK5G Lot :06120-1/LCL	17AUG2020	60	0	0
	DoxyKlor DK5G Lot: 06120-2/LCL	17AUG2020	60	0	0
	DoxyKlor DK5G Lot: 06120-3/LCL	17AUG2020	60	0	0

CFU = colony forming unit

Table 3: Neutralization Confirmation Results Performed on 17AUG2020

Test Microorganism	Test Substance	Neutralization Test Result For all lots assayed at each target concentration		Target Inoculum Concentration	Average Inoculum Concentration (CFU)
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 15442	DoxyKlor DK5G Lot: 06120-1/LCL	10 ⁰	+	10 ⁰	5.5
		10 ¹	+		
		10 ²	+		
	DoxyKlor DK5G Lot: 06120-2/LCL	10 ⁰	+	10 ¹	77.5
		10 ¹	+		
		10 ²	+		
	DoxyKlor DK5G Lot: 06120-3/LCL	10 ⁰	+	10 ²	>100
		10 ¹	+		
		10 ²	+		

* Neutralization confirmation requirement met for DoxyKlor DK5G for all lots (06120-1/LCL, 06120-2/LCL, and 06120-3/LCL) as demonstrated by positive result in at least one neutralization control tube when inoculated with an average CFU of ≤ 100 .



RESULTS (cont.)

Table 4: Control Results

Control Parameter	Test Date 17AUG2020
Carrier Sterility Control	No Growth Observed
Viability Control	Growth Observed
Subculture/Neutralization Sterility Control	No Growth Observed
PBDW Sterility Control	No Growth Observed
Culture Diluent Sterility Control	No Growth Observed
Growth Agar Sterility Control	No Growth Observed
Test Microorganism Purity Control	Pure- Target Microorganism small, mucoid, round, even margins, green colonies

Table 5: Organism Propagation Conditions

Test Culture	Transfer Date and Time	Incubation Temperature Range	Culture Incubation Time
Initial thawed culture	14AUG2020 / 0952	35.7°C	22 hours 51 minutes
Final Test Culture	15AUG2020 / 0843		52 hours 48 minutes



STUDY CONCLUSION

Test substance DoxyKlor DK5G (Lots: 06120-1/LCL, 06120-2/LCL, 06120-3/LCL) was tested against *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442. A total of 60 contaminated carriers were exposed to each lot of the test substance for a contact time of 10 minutes at a test temperature of (25.3°C-26.4°C) and then chemically neutralized.

Following a 10 minute contact time, DoxyKlor DK5G, Lot: 06120-1/LCL disinfected 60 out of 60 carriers; Lot: 06120-2/LCL disinfected 60 out of 60 carriers; and Lot: 06120-3/LCL disinfected 60 out of 60 carriers.

Under the conditions of this assay, DoxyKlor DK5G Lots: 06120-1/LCL, 06120-2/LCL, 06120-3/LCL met the requirements stated in the U.S. EPA Product Performance Test Guidelines – Disinfectants for Use on Environmental Surfaces as outlined in OCSPP 810.2200 and the success criteria detailed in the approved protocol.

The study was carried out in compliance with the approved protocol, all experimental controls met the established acceptance criteria, and there were no circumstances that may have affected the quality or the integrity of the data unless otherwise noted in the "Protocol Changes" section of this report.



REFERENCES

- "Association of Official Analytical Chemists, International." *AOAC Official Method 967.02*. Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants. Revised 2013.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention, Product Performance Test Guidelines OCSPP 810.2000: General Considerations for Testing Public Health Pesticides – Guidance for Efficacy Testing. February 2018.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention, Product Performance Test Guidelines OCSPP 810.2200: Disinfectants for Use on Environmental Surfaces Guidance for Efficacy Testing. February 2018.
- Guidance Document – Disinfectant Drugs. Health Canada. January 2020.
- Guidance Document – Safety and Efficacy Requirement for Hard Surface Disinfectant Drugs. Health Canada. January 2020.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Frequent Questions for the 2018 series 810 – Product Performance Test Guidelines: Antimicrobial Efficacy Test Guidelines. 2019.



PROTOCOL AMENDMENT



Protocol Amendment for Protocol P2879, Study ID Number GLP2433

Protocol Amendment #1

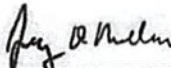
Protocol P2879 is hereby amended to correct typographical error on Sponsor Representative address.
Correct address should read:

6620 Cypresswood Dr. Ste. 250
Spring, TX 77379

Additionally, Protocol P2879 is hereby amended to include the expiration date of the test substance per clarification from the Sponsor Representative.

Expiration date for DoxyKlor DK5G is 1 year from manufacture. Expiration date for Lots: 06120-1/LCL, 06120-2/LCL, and 06120-3/LCL is 01JUN2021.

All remaining testing parameters are to be followed as stated in the protocol.



Study Sponsor / Sponsor Representative (signature)

10/26/2020

Date Signed

Jeremy D. Malone

Study Sponsor / Sponsor Representative (print)



Study Director (signature)

26 Oct 2020

Date Signed

L. Natalia Galvan

Study Director (print)



PROTOCOL



Protocol Number: P2879

GLP Study ID: GLP2433

NOT 17 AUG 2020

AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants Test

Test Microorganism(s)

Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15442

Data Requirement

U.S. EPA OCSPP 810.2200

Sponsor Representative

Jeremy Malone
Spring Regulatory Sciences
6620 Crypresswood Dr. Ste 250
Spring, TX 77379

Study Sponsor

PI Industries, Inc.
8275 S. Eastern Avenue Suite #200-882
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Microchem Laboratory
1304 W. Industrial Blvd.
Round Rock, Texas 78681

Author

L. Natalia Galvan, B.S.

Date

23JUL2020



PROTOCOL (cont.)

AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants



Protocol Number: P2879

I. Introduction

This document details the materials and procedure for evaluating the efficacy of a spray disinfectant using the AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants Test in accordance with Good Laboratory Practice Standards (GLPS) stipulated by 40 CFR 160. This document also explains the terms and conditions of testing.

II. Purpose

The purpose of this study is to document the efficacy of the test substance against the test system (microorganism) under the parameters specified in this protocol.

III. Justification for the Selection of Test System (Microorganism)

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) requires specific antimicrobial claims made for disinfectants sold in the United States to be supported by relevant test systems (microorganisms) as outlined in the United States Environmental Protection Agency Product Performance Test Guidelines, OCSPP 810.2200: Disinfectants for Use on Environmental Surfaces – Guidance for Efficacy Testing.

IV. Terms and Conditions

Studies by Microchem Laboratory are conducted in accordance with general terms and conditions posted on www.MicrochemLab.com/terms.

Prior to study initiation, Microchem Laboratory must receive the approved and signed protocol, test substance and payment. Changes to the signed, approved protocol will require amendment and may incur additional fees. Cancellation of the study any time after study initiation may result in a cancellation fee of up to 100% of the total study cost, to be determined by laboratory management at its sole discretion.

Microchem Laboratory may repeat studies at its cost in the event of an unintended protocol non-conformance that affects the study outcome, or for studies which yield invalid control results. If the Sponsor requests a specific neutralizer to be utilized in testing and test controls indicate incomplete or inadequate neutralization, repeat testing will be at the Study Sponsor's expense for applicable testing. Repeat testing may be conducted under the current initiated protocol and Microchem Laboratory GLP study identification number. In addition, the Study Sponsor is responsible for the cost of all studies performed to confirm the outcome of a previous study and for ensuring that the study will meet their regulatory objectives.

The Study Sponsor must obtain written consent from Microchem Laboratory to use or publish its protocols, study reports (or parts thereof), logo or employee names for marketing purposes.



PROTOCOL (cont.)

AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants

Protocol Number: P2879



V. Test Substance Characterization and Handling

As stated in 40 CFR Part 160 Subpart F [160.105], each batch (lot) of test substance shall be characterized as to identity, strength, purity, composition, and solubility (as applicable), and shall be documented prior to use in this assay. Stability of the test formula shall be determined prior to or concomitantly with this study. If the requirements set forth in 40 CFR Part 160 Subpart F [160.105] have not been met, this will be noted in the Good Laboratory Practice compliance statement in the study report. Certificates of Analysis (C of A) will be appended to the study report, if provided by the Study Sponsor.

Test substances are handled as follows:

- The test substance is stored at ambient (room) temperature under fluorescent lighting or in a cabinet.
- The test substance is shaken or otherwise mixed well immediately prior to use (if applicable).
- The test substance is handled safely in accordance with the chemical risks it may pose, stated in the SDS or by the Study Sponsor during the course of pre-study communication.

VI. Study Dates

The listed proposed experimental start and completion dates are estimates based on the current laboratory schedule and may change based on when the test substance, sponsor signed protocol, and payment (if applicable) are received at the testing laboratory. To avoid scheduling delays, assure that all paperwork is completed fully and accurately.

Proposed Experimental Start Date: 24AUG2020
Proposed Experimental Termination Date: 01SEP2020

VII. Procedure for the Identification of the Test System

Microchem Laboratory maintains Standard Operating Procedures which outline the procedures for receipt, storage, and tracking of microorganisms. The vessels, racks, and trays containing the test system are labeled with microorganism identifiers to maintain microorganism traceability. Information regarding the microorganism identity, strain, propagation procedure, media utilized, etc. is documented in the study raw data. Following testing, the microorganism identity of positive test replicates is confirmed following the appropriate macroscopic, microscopic, and biochemical assays. All studies are assigned a unique identification number which is labeled on the test and control vessels, racks, trays, etc. Additionally, Standard Operating Procedures are also in place for the receipt, storage, and usage tracking of all test and control substances utilized in testing. These procedures are followed to identify and document the test system.

VIII. Test System (Microorganism)

Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15442 received from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC).



PROTOCOL (cont.)

AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants



Protocol Number: P2879

IX. Procedure

Preparation of the Test Substance

- The test substance is used per Sponsor request.
- If a dilution of the test substance is requested by the Sponsor, the diluted test substance is used within three hours of preparation.
 - Unless otherwise requested by the Sponsor, if a dilution of the test substance is required, a ≥ 1.0 ml or ≥ 1.0 g of the test substance is used for preparation using volumetric glassware. For liquid products, a v/v dilution is prepared and for solids, a w/v dilution is prepared.
 - If synthetic hard water is requested as the diluent, it is prepared following Microchem Laboratory Standard Operating Procedures for the specific water type. The final hardness range is -10% to +5% of the specified hardness.
 - If tap water is requested as the diluent, the water is autoclave or filter sterilized prior to use. The water hardness is determined on the day of testing and adjusted to the hardness range if necessary. The hardness range is -10% to +5% of the specified hardness.
- If requested by the Study Sponsor, approximately 500 ml of the test substance is transferred by sterile disposable serological pipette, or other means as appropriate, into a decontaminated spray bottle.
 - Alternatively, the sponsor may provide the test substance in ready to use spray bottles, in which case, no transfer of test substance is necessary.
- Spray bottles containing the test substance are primed by spraying prior to treatment of carriers.

Preparation of Test Carriers

- Sterile 18 x 36 mm glass slides free from scratches, chips, or cracks are utilized as the test carrier.
- The carriers are cleaned by dipping in 70-95% ethyl alcohol (ethanol, reagent alcohol) or Isopropyl alcohol to remove oil and film.
- The carriers are thoroughly rinsed using tap water followed by two rinses in deionized water.
- The slides are wiped using a lint free cloth and visually screened for scratches, chips, or cracks. Defective carriers are discarded and not used for testing.
- Screened carriers are placed on a drying rack, covered in aluminum foil and autoclave sterilized on a fast/dry cycle for at least 20 minutes at approximately 121°C.
- Following sterilization, the carriers may be placed into a $36 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ incubator, oven or chamber to dry. Alternatively, the carriers may be dried at room temperature.
- Inside a biosafety cabinet, sterile carriers are aseptically transferred using sterile forceps to individual Petri dishes matted with two pieces of sterile 9cm round filter paper (Whatman No. 2, or equivalent).

Preparation of Test Culture

- A cryovial of frozen microorganism is thawed and mixed using a vortex type mixer. A 0.010 ml volume of the microorganism is inoculated into a tube containing 10 ml of sterile Nutrient Broth. The culture is gently vortex mixed and incubated for 24 hours \pm 2 hours at $36^\circ\text{C} \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$.
- Subsequent daily transfers (≤ 5) are made by transferring 0.010 ml of the most recent daily transfer culture into 20 x 150 mm tubes containing 10 ml sterile Nutrient Broth and incubated for 24 hours \pm 2 hours at $36^\circ\text{C} \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$. Only one daily transfer is required prior to initiation of the test culture. The culture tube is not vortex mixed prior to transfer.
- A test culture is initiated by transferring 0.010 ml of the most recent daily transfer culture into an appropriate number of 20 x 150 mm tubes, each containing 10 ml sterile Nutrient Broth and incubated for 48 – 54 hours at $36^\circ\text{C} \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$.
- The pellicle from the 48 – 54 hour culture is removed from the broth before mixing on a vortex-style mixer either by decanting the liquid aseptically into a sterile tube or by gently aspirating the broth away from the pellicle using a pipette. Care is taken to not disrupt the pellicle; disruption of the pellicle renders the culture unusable.



PROTOCOL (cont.)

AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants

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- Test cultures are vortex mixed for 3 – 4 seconds and allowed to dwell at room temperature for ≥ 10 minutes.
- The upper portion of the mixed culture(s) is removed, leaving behind any debris or clumps, and pooled in an appropriate vessel[s].
- For the purpose of achieving carrier counts within the range of the study, dilution or concentration using centrifugation (e.g., 5000 g for 20 min) of the final test culture may be performed using the culture medium used to generate the test culture. Manipulation of the final test culture should be made prior to the addition of the organic soil load.

Supplementation of Test Culture with Organic "Soil" Load

- If requested by the Study Sponsor, an organic soil load is added to the manipulated test culture.
- The test culture is swirled gently to thoroughly mix.

Carrier Inoculation with Test Culture

- Using a calibrated positive displacement pipette, a 0.01 ml volume of test culture is spread on to approximately 1 in² of each test carrier without allowing the test culture to touch the edges of the carrier, and each carrier is covered immediately after inoculation.
 - Culture is periodically mixed while inoculating carriers.
 - Extra carriers may be inoculated in case any carriers are compromised during testing.
- Inoculated carriers are dried at $36^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ in an incubator or other temperature and humidity controlled chamber for 30 – 40 minutes with only visibly dry carriers used for the test. The temperature and relative humidity conditions for carrier drying will be recorded and included in the final study report.
- Carriers are used within 2 hours of the ending dry time.

Treatment of Carriers with Test Substance

- Test exposure conditions (including temperature and relative humidity) will be recorded upon initiating and concluding the treatment of carriers.
- Dry test carriers are horizontally oriented in the Petri dish and sequentially treated at intervals appropriate to ensure careful and aseptic handling.
- Each carrier is sprayed with the test substance for the Study Sponsor specified time or with the Study Sponsor specified number of sprays/pumps at the Study Sponsor requested distance approximately 45° from the test carrier to the spray nozzle. When the first carrier is treated, a calibrated timer is started to measure the contact time. After treatment, carriers are covered and left to dwell undisturbed for the duration of the contact time.
- After the contact time for each carrier has elapsed, each carrier is transferred to a 25 x 150 mm tube containing 20 ml of the appropriate subculture/neutralization broth using sterile forceps. The excess disinfectant is drained from the carrier without touching the Petri dish or filter paper.
- The tubes containing carriers are recapped and shaken to ensure the entire carrier has made contact with the subculture/neutralization broth.
- The procedure is repeated until all protocol specified efficacy carriers have been exposed to the test substance for the specified contact time and harvested into subculture/neutralization broth.
- If neutralization of the test substance is a concern, a secondary neutralization transfer from the primary neutralizer may be performed. Within 25 – 60 minutes of the initial transfer, the carriers are transferred into a second subculture tube containing a 20 ml aliquot of the subculture medium, that may contain appropriate neutralizer, using sterile forceps. Carriers are transferred in the same order as in the test, however, the transfers do not need to be timed.



PROTOCOL (cont.)

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Neutralization Confirmation

- A sterile uninoculated carrier is treated per Study Sponsor instruction identically as in the test. A calibrated timer is started when the carrier is treated to measure the contact time.
- After the contact time has elapsed, the carrier is transferred to a 25 x 150 mm tube containing 20 ml of the appropriate subculture/neutralization broth using sterile forceps.
 - This tube represents the primary neutralization confirmation test tube.
 - If neutralization of the test substance is a concern and if performed in the treatment of carriers with the test substance, a secondary neutralization transfer from the primary neutralizer may be performed. Within 25 – 60 minutes of the initial transfer, the carrier is transferred into a second subculture tube containing a 20 ml aliquot of the subculture medium that may contain appropriate neutralizer using sterile forceps.
- A series of 10-fold dilutions of the test culture are performed in 9 ml of phosphate buffered dilution water (PBDW) such that a 0.1 ml volume of the prepared inoculum targets 10 – 100 CFU. This inoculum is plated in duplicate to verify the number of CFU present.
- The neutralization confirmation test tubes (primary and secondary, if applicable) are inoculated with a 0.1 ml volume of the prepared inoculum.
- The neutralization confirmation control may be performed using multiple carrier replicates and inoculated with different dilutions of the prepared inoculum.
- If more than one concentration of test substance is assayed, only the most concentrated dilution of the test substance will be evaluated in this control.
- If more than one contact time is requested, this control may be performed using the shortest requested contact time only.

Enumeration of Control Carriers

- After the inoculated carriers have dried, prior to the start of the test, three carriers are randomly selected and are transferred into individual tubes containing 20 ml of subculture/neutralization broth. These carriers represent the carrier density at the beginning of the test.
- Similarly, following the conclusion of the test, three additional carriers are randomly selected and are transferred into individual tubes containing 20 ml of subculture/neutralization broth. These carriers represent the carrier density at the end of the test.
- The six (three pre test and three post test) carrier density subculture/neutralization broth tubes are vortex mixed for 60 seconds \pm 5 seconds, as measured by a calibrated timer.
- After vortex mixing, the subculture/neutralization broth tubes from each set of three test tubes (pre test and post test) are pooled prior to enumeration.
 - The total pooled volume for each set should be 60 ml.
- The pooled cultures are briefly vortexed then, enumerated by performing serial 10-fold dilutions in 9 ml PBDW and a 0.1 ml aliquot of the appropriate dilutions are plated in duplicate using standard pour and/or spread plating techniques.
 - For example, the pooled cultures are diluted out to the 10^{-3} dilution. 0.1 ml of the 10^{-1} , 10^{-2} and the 10^{-3} dilution are plated representing the 10^{-2} , 10^{-3} , and 10^{-4} dilution per ml of the carrier set.
 - This step is performed within 2 hours of vortex mixing of the pre-test and post-test subculture/neutralization tubes.

Carrier Sterility Control

- An uninoculated carrier is harvested into a 25 x 150 mm tube containing 20 ml of subculture/neutralization broth and incubated alongside the test.



PROTOCOL (cont.)

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Viability Control

- An inoculated, untreated test carrier is harvested into a 25 × 150 mm tube containing 20 ml of subculture/neutralization broth and incubated alongside the test.

Subculture/Neutralization Sterility Control

- A 25 × 150 mm tube containing 20 ml of each subculture/neutralization broth utilized in testing is incubated alongside the test.

Media Sterility Controls

- A 0.1 ml volume of PBDW is added to sterile growth agar and incubated alongside the test to confirm sterility of the serial dilution media at the time of test.
- A 0.1 ml volume of culture diluent is added to sterile growth agar and incubated alongside the test to confirm sterility of culture diluent at the time of test, if applicable.
- A 0.1 ml volume of the organic soil load utilized in testing is added to sterile growth agar and incubated alongside the test to confirm soil sterility at the time of test, if applicable.
- A 0.1 ml volume of test substance diluent is added to sterile growth agar and incubated alongside the test to confirm sterility of test substance diluent at the time of test, if applicable.
- A plate containing only sterile growth agar used in this study is incubated alongside the test to confirm sterility of media at the time of test.

Test Microorganism Purity Control

- The test culture used in this study is subcultured onto growth agar medium and incubated alongside the test to morphologically confirm the presence of target microorganism and absence of contaminant microorganism.

Incubation of Tubes and Enumeration and Control Plates

- Test tube racks are shaken thoroughly prior to transfer to the incubator.
- All tubes and plates are incubated at 36°C ± 1°C for 48 hours ± 2 hours.



PROTOCOL (cont.)

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Confirmation of Positive Tubes Following Incubation

- Tubes are assessed for the presence of growth by visual observation of turbidity and/or a colorimetric result of the subculture/neutralization broth.
 - Test materials may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 7 days if results are not read immediately following incubation.
- The number of tubes showing visible turbidity or a colorimetric change are documented as presumptive positive pending confirmation.
 - If a colorimetric subculture/neutralization broth is used, but the test system does not produce a colorimetric change and no positive tubes are observed, $\geq 20\%$ of the negative tubes are confirmed to be a negative result by plating on growth media.
- For 10 carrier assays or if the number of positive carriers in a 60 carrier test is less than 12, all presumptive positive tubes and the viability control are streaked onto the appropriate growth agar for confirmation of the presence of target microorganism.
 - If the number of tubes demonstrating growth is greater than 12 in a 60 carrier test, $\geq 20\%$ of presumptive positive tubes and the viability control are streaked onto the appropriate growth agar for confirmation of the presence of target microorganism.
- All confirmatory plates are incubated for 18 – 24 hours at 36°C \pm 1°C.
 - Confirmatory plates may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 7 days if results are not read immediately following incubation.
- The colony morphology of the viability control and the presumptive positives is noted in the raw data, if applicable.
 - If any additional morphology is observed, they are noted in the raw data.
- A Gram stain is performed using representative colonies from the presumptive positive streak plate(s) and viability control, if applicable.
 - If multiple colony morphologies are observed, Gram stain analysis is performed on each unique colony morphology.
 - The morphology of the cells and the Gram stain results, as observed by microscopy, are recorded in the raw data for each colony tested.
- Other appropriate biochemical analysis may be performed for confirmation of the presence of the test microorganism.
- The number of confirmed positive tubes is documented in the raw data and reported along with any confirmed contaminants.

X. Calculations

The following are calculations to be used in the study. Calculation variables may be adjusted based on volumes and dilutions used.

$$\frac{(\text{Average CFU for } 10^x) + (\text{Average CFU for } 10^y) + (\text{Average CFU for } 10^z)}{10^x + 10^y + 10^z} = \text{CFU/ml of Control Carriers}$$

where 10^x , 10^y , and 10^z are examples of dilutions that may be used. For the calculation above, dilutions yielding counts up to 300 are used and dilutions resulting in plate counts of 0 are included in the calculation. Counts greater than 300 may be documented as >300 or as TNTC and are not included in calculations.

$$[(\text{CFU/ml of Control Carriers}) \times 20 \text{ ml}] = \text{CFU/Carrier of Control Carriers}$$

$$\text{Control Carrier Mean} = \frac{(\log_{10} \text{CFU/Carrier Pooled Pre Carriers}) + (\log_{10} \text{CFU/Carrier Pooled Post Carriers})}{2}$$

$$\text{Neutralization Confirmation Inoculum} = (\text{CFU on Plate 1} + \text{CFU on plate 2}) / 2$$



PROTOCOL (cont.)

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XI. Proposed Statistical Analysis

Not applicable.

XII. Methods for the Control of Bias

Not applicable.

XIII. Success Criteria

The experimental success (controls) criteria follow:

- The test microorganism must demonstrate a concentration of at least 1.0×10^4 CFU/Carrier corresponding to a mean log density of 5.0 and not above 3.2×10^6 CFU/Carrier corresponding to a mean log density of 6.5.
- The subculture/neutralization broth sterility control tube demonstrates no growth.
- The carrier sterility control subculture/neutralization broth tube demonstrates no growth.
- The viability control subculture/neutralization broth tube demonstrates growth.
- At least one neutralization confirmation inoculum dilution demonstrates an average concentration of ≤ 100 CFU.
- The neutralization confirmation test subculture/neutralization broth tube corresponding to the inoculum average concentration of ≤ 100 CFU demonstrates growth.
- The media sterility controls demonstrate no growth.
- The test microorganism purity control plate demonstrates the presence of the target microorganism and absence of contaminant microorganisms.

If any controls do not meet the specified experimental success criteria, testing may be repeated at the discretion of the Study Director under the same study protocol.

XIV. Product Performance Criteria

The Environmental Protection Agency performance criteria for disinfection follow:

- If 1 or less non-control subculture/neutralization test tubes are confirmed positive for growth after incubation, then efficacy is demonstrated by the test substance under the conditions evaluated.
- If 2 or more non-control subculture/neutralization test tubes are confirmed positive for growth after incubation, then efficacy is not demonstrated by the test substance under the conditions evaluated.

Retesting guidance for disinfection follows:

- When a test passes and the \log_{10} density of the test carriers is above 6.5, no retesting is necessary.
- When a test passes and the \log_{10} density of the test carriers is below 5.0, retesting is necessary.
- When a test fails and the \log_{10} density of the test carriers is below 5.0, no retesting is necessary.
- When a test fails and the \log_{10} density of the test carriers is above 6.5, retesting may be conducted.

XV. Reporting

Results are reported accurately and fully, in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency GLP (40 CFR Part 160). A draft report may be provided for review by the Study Sponsor prior to study completion.



PROTOCOL (cont.)

AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants



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XVI. Study Record and Test Substance Retention

- The original (or certified copy) of the study report, protocol, and corresponding raw data will be held in the archives of Microchem Laboratory indefinitely. For studies not meeting the performance criteria for submission or for studies that have been canceled prior to the generation of valid data, the original (or certified copy) of the final study report, protocol, and corresponding raw data will be held in the archives of Microchem Laboratory for a minimum of two years following the study completion date at which time they may be removed from the archive or transferred to the Sponsors archive at their expense.
- If requested by the Study Sponsor (or Sponsor Representative), the study file may be transferred to the Study Sponsor's archive at the Study Sponsor's expense prior to the time frames listed.
- All test facility records including, but not limited to, standard operating procedures, quality assurance inspection records, temperature and equipment records including maintenance, inspection and calibration, and employee training records will be maintained at Microchem Laboratory indefinitely.
- The test substance (or test control, test article, test device, as applicable) may be returned to the Study Sponsor at the Study Sponsor's request and expense following study completion unless otherwise requested to be returned earlier. If the Study Sponsor does not request return of the sample, it will be disposed >90 days following the study completion. Arrangements may be made for extended storage as necessary, at the Sponsor's request and expense.

XVII. Quality Assurance

The study is conducted in accordance with Microchem Laboratory's Quality Management System and EPA 40 CFR Part 160 and will undergo a full quality assurance review. All protocol amendments will be fully recorded and reported, as well as any deviations from the protocol.

XVIII. References

- "Association of Official Analytical Chemists, International." *AOAC Official Method 961.02. Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants*. Revised 2013.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention, Product Performance Test Guidelines OCSPP 810.2000: General Considerations for Testing Public Health Pesticides – Guidance for Efficacy Testing. February 2018.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention, Product Performance Test Guidelines OCSPP 810.2200: Disinfectants for Use on Environmental Surfaces Guidance for Efficacy Testing. February 2018.
- Guidance Document – Disinfectant Drugs. Health Canada. January 2020.
- Guidance Document – Safety and Efficacy Requirement for Hard Surface Disinfectant Drugs. Health Canada. January 2020.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Frequent Questions for the 2018 series 810 – Product Performance Test Guidelines: Antimicrobial Efficiency Test Guidelines. 2019.



PROTOCOL (cont.)

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Specific Testing Parameters to be completed by the Study Sponsor/Representative
 - all fields need to be completed before testing may commence

Test Substance Name	DoxyKlor DK5G
Test Substance Batch Numbers	06120-1/LCL, 06120-2/LCL, 06120-3/LCL
Manufacture Date(s)	6/1/2020, 6/01/2020, 6/01/2020
Expiration Date(s)	NA
Test Substance Storage	<input type="checkbox"/> Room temperature (default for all packages unless otherwise advised) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2-8°C <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Test Substance Hazards	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None known <input type="checkbox"/> SDS attached <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Test Substance Active Ingredient	<input type="checkbox"/> Alcohol <input type="checkbox"/> Iodophor <input type="checkbox"/> Peracetic Acid <input type="checkbox"/> Peroxide <input type="checkbox"/> Phenol <input type="checkbox"/> Quaternary Ammonia <input type="checkbox"/> Sodium Hypochlorite <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: chlorine dioxide
Active Ingredient Level	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At or below Lower Certified Limit (LCL) <input type="checkbox"/> At or below nominal
Active Ingredient Concentration as submitted (for neutralization information only, not for chemical characterization)	0.045% by weight
Test Substance Dilution	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ready to Use (RTU) <input type="checkbox"/> Dilution ratio: (e.g. 1 oz per gallon)
Dilution to be made	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A <input type="checkbox"/> Dilute by adding _____ test substance to _____ diluent = _____ total parts (please specify volumes to be used for dilution, eg. 1 ml to 127 ml diluent to equal 128 parts or 1 ml to 128 ml diluent to equal 128 parts) Note, an equivalent dilution may be made unless otherwise noted
Test Substance Diluent (Not applicable for RTU products)	<input type="checkbox"/> 200 ppm autoclave sterilized Tap Water (hardness range is 180-210 ppm) <input type="checkbox"/> 400 ppm AOAC Synthetic Hard Water (hardness range is 360-420 ppm) <input type="checkbox"/> 375 ppm OECD Hard Water (hardness range is 338 - 394 ppm) <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Test Substance Spray Bottles (Not applicable if test substance supplied in spray bottle for testing)	<input type="checkbox"/> Test substance supplied in bulk, transfer to Sponsor supplied spray bottle and use Sponsor supplied spray nozzle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test substance supplied in bulk, transfer to laboratory supplied spray bottle and use laboratory spray nozzle



PROTOCOL (cont.)

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Continuation of Specific Testing Parameters to be completed by the Study Sponsor/Representative
 - all fields need to be completed before testing may commence

Organic Soil Load	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> 5% fetal bovine serum <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Contact Time(s)	10 minutes <i>Note: Contact times of ≤ 1 minute include a ± 3 seconds. Contact times of > 1 minute include a ± 5 seconds.</i>
Exposure Temperature	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Room Temperature <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Number of Test Carriers Per Batch	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 60 <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Spray Instructions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spray carriers with <u>5</u> sprays or until thoroughly wet. <input type="checkbox"/> Spray carriers for _____ seconds Spray setting: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spray <input type="checkbox"/> Jet/Stream <input type="checkbox"/> Mist Distance from carrier: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4-6" <input type="checkbox"/> 6-8" <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
Neutralization/Subculture Broth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Microchem to determine. Sponsor authorizes pre-test neutralization confirmation assay to be conducted to determine appropriate neutralizer, if needed. Additional fees may apply per price quotation. <input type="checkbox"/> Use:
EPA 40 CFR Part 160.31(d) requires testing facility management to assure that the test, control, and reference substances have been appropriately tested for identity, strength, purity, stability and uniformity, as applicable.	Applicable identity, strength, purity, stability, and uniformity testing has been or will be completed prior to efficacy testing: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No - Performed under 40 CFR Part 160 regulations? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Stability testing has been or will be completed prior to efficacy testing or concomitantly with efficacy testing: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No - Performed under 40 CFR Part 160 regulations? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If no is marked for either question, compliance status will be noted in the GLP compliance statement in the final report.
Certificate of Analysis (CoA)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CoA for each batch provided. CoA will be appended in the final report. <input type="checkbox"/> CoA will not be provided.
Test Substance Shipment Status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Use test substance already present at Microchem. <input type="checkbox"/> Test substance will be shipped. Estimated arrival date, if known:
Protocol Modifications	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Testing to be performed as outlined in the protocol. <input type="checkbox"/> The following protocol modifications are to be performed:
Regulatory Agency(s) that report may be submitted to	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EPA <input type="checkbox"/> Health Canada



PROTOCOL (cont.)

AOAC Germicidal Spray Products as Disinfectants



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XIX. Authorized Personnel

- Due to Microchem Laboratory confidentiality policy, study information will only be released to the Study Sponsor/Sponsor Representative who has signed the protocol unless otherwise noted in writing. Please list any additional personnel authorized to receive information regarding this study.

1. Peter Wood - PI Industries
2. Israel Kravtsov - PI Industries
3. _____
4. _____

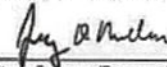
XX. Protocol Approval

"I, the Study Sponsor, have read and understand the study protocol. By signing this protocol I am certifying that the information and parameters accurately describe the test(s) to be completed in accordance with Good Laboratory Practice Standards (GLPS) stipulated by 40 CFR 160. I have also read, understand and agree to the terms and conditions listed in the protocol."

Study Sponsor/Sponsor Representative Signature Approving Protocol

Jeremy D. Malone

Study Sponsor/Sponsor Representative Printed Name



Study Sponsor/Sponsor Representative Signature

8/07/2020

Date

Jeremy@SpringRegulatory.com

Email address

512-922-8401

Phone

Microchem Laboratory Study Director

L. Natalia Galvan

Study Director Printed Name



Study Director Signature

17 AUG 2020

Date



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS



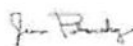
10366 Roselle St. Suite C • San Diego, CA 92121 • 858-535-9979

Certificate of Analysis


This analysis was conducted in compliance with 40 CFR 160 as part of Expert Chemical Analysis, Inc. Study Number 6530-01.

Name: DoxyKlor DK5G
Lot Number: 06120-1/LCL
Date of Manufacture: 06-01-20
Expiration Date: 06-01-21
Dates of Analysis: 06-01-20
By: PI Industries, Inc.

Test	Result
<u>Active Ingredient(s)</u>	
Chlorine Dioxide	0.04385 %


Jim Polansky
Study Director
Expert Chemical Analysis, Inc.

06-12-20
Date


Moises Ramirez
Quality Assurance Manager
Expert Chemical Analysis, Inc.

06-12-20
Date

The raw data generated during analysis has been reviewed by the Quality Assurance Unit. The raw data confirm the results as listed above.

Study No. 6530-01



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS (cont.)



10366 Roselle St. Suite C • San Diego, CA 92121 • 858-535-9979

Certificate of Analysis

This analysis was conducted in compliance with 40 CFR 160 as part of Expert Chemical Analysis, Inc. Study Number 6530-01.

Name: DoxyKlor DK5G
Lot Number: 06120-2/LCL
Date of Manufacture: 06-01-20
Expiration Date: 06-01-21
Dates of Analysis: 06-01-20
By: PI Industries, Inc.

Test	Result
<u>Active Ingredient(s)</u>	
Chlorine Dioxide	0.04365 %


Jim Polansky
Study Director
Expert Chemical Analysis, Inc. 06-12-20
Date


Moises Ramirez
Quality Assurance Manager
Expert Chemical Analysis, Inc. 06-12-20
Date

The raw data generated during analysis has been reviewed by the Quality Assurance Unit. The raw data confirm the results as listed above.

Study No. 6530-01 _____



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS (cont.)



10366 Roselle St. Suite C • San Diego, CA 92121 • 858-535-9979


Certificate of Analysis

This analysis was conducted in compliance with 40 CFR 160 as part of Expert Chemical Analysis, Inc. Study Number 6530-01.

Name: DoxyKlor DK5G
Lot Number: 06120-3/LCL
Date of Manufacture: 06-01-20
Expiration Date: 06-01-21
Dates of Analysis: 06-01-20
By: PI Industries, Inc.

Test	Result
<u>Active Ingredient(s)</u>	
Chlorine Dioxide	0.04308 %


Jim Polansky
Study Director
Expert Chemical Analysis, Inc. 06-12-20
Date


Moises Ramirez
Quality Assurance Manager
Expert Chemical Analysis, Inc. 06-12-20
Date

The raw data generated during analysis has been reviewed by the Quality Assurance Unit. The raw data confirm the results as listed above.

Study No. 6530-01